Dataset publication by Leiden University researchers

Núria Raga Raga | Centre for Digital Scholarship 2022

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

Data Management Regulations Leiden University 2021

"Article 11: Digital research data are sustainably stored in an archive/repository, preferably a certified repository […]. The faculty/institute data protocol includes a list of preferred archives/repositories."

Look at the CoreTrustSeal requirements to know more about repository certification: 10.5281/zenodo.7051096

Data Management protocols

Institute for History - Guidelines for Data Management

"At the end of the project, research data must be stored in a Trusted Digital Repository. LUIH, together with NWO and ERC, applies the standard that a Trusted Digital Repository must be provided with a Data Seal of Approval or a Nestor Seal or must comply with the RAC standards (ISO 16363)."

Centre for Linguistics - Digital Data Storage Protocol

"Immediately after completion of a data collection phase, the electronic data will preferably be stored in an online archive. The Humanities faculty provides a DANS Dataverse account https://dataverse.nl/. Each institute will have their own portal on this platform, with individual storage space for all staff members [...] At the end of the project, the researcher will publish the original data files and all relevant additional materials in an archive. This archive may be local, offered by Leiden University, national (like DANS) or international, depending on the needs, project requirements, international agreements, etc. The use of DANS is being supported at the institute and faculty level."

Repositories used by Leiden University researchers

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

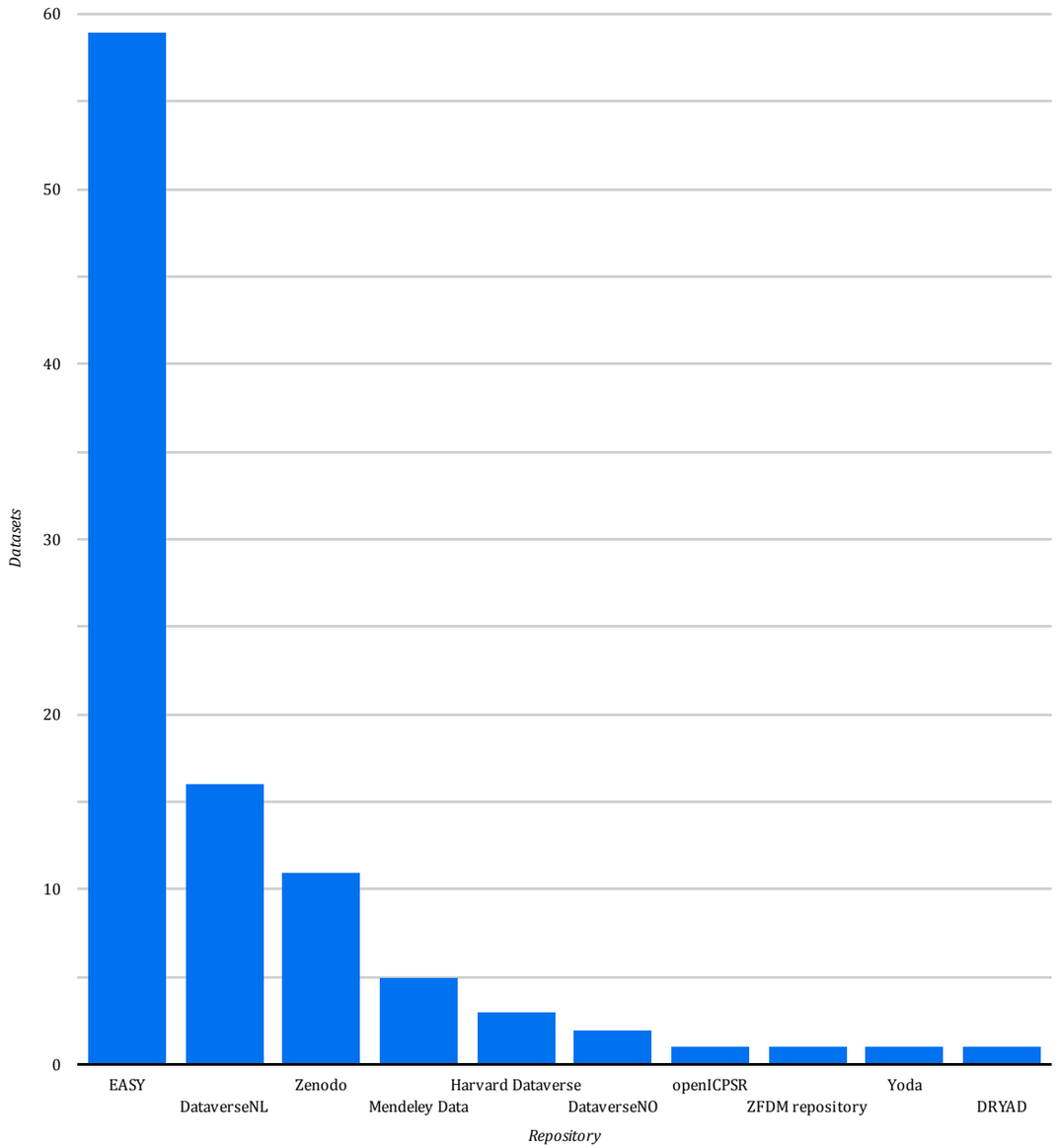
List of repositories used by researchers in the Humanities Faculty and number of datasets published.

Institute

	Repository	Datasets
1.	EASY	59
2.	DataverseNL	16
3.	Zenodo	11
4.	Mendeley Data	5
5.	Harvard Dataverse	3
6.	DataverseNO	2
7.	openICPSR	1
8.	ZFDM repository	1
9.	Yoda	1
10.	DRYAD	1

1 - 10 / 10

Datasets
100



Repositories used by Leiden University researchers

List of repositories used by researchers and certification of these repositories.

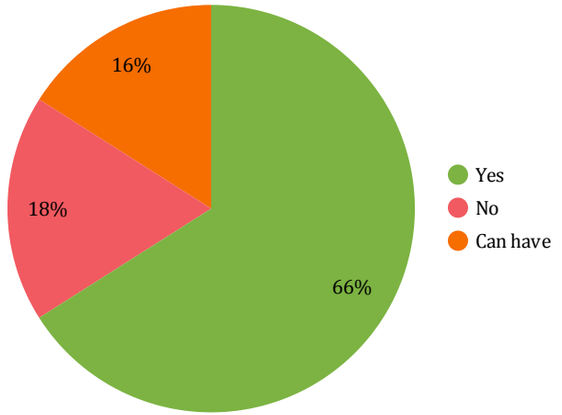
Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

Institute

	Repository	Certification	Datasets
1.	EASY	Yes	59
2.	DataverseNL	Can have	16
3.	Zenodo	No	11
4.	Mendeley Data	Yes	5
5.	Harvard Dataverse	No	3
6.	DataverseNO	Yes	2
7.	openICPSR	No	1
8.	ZFDM repository	No	1
9.	Yoda	No	1
10.	DRYAD	No	1

1 - 10 / 10

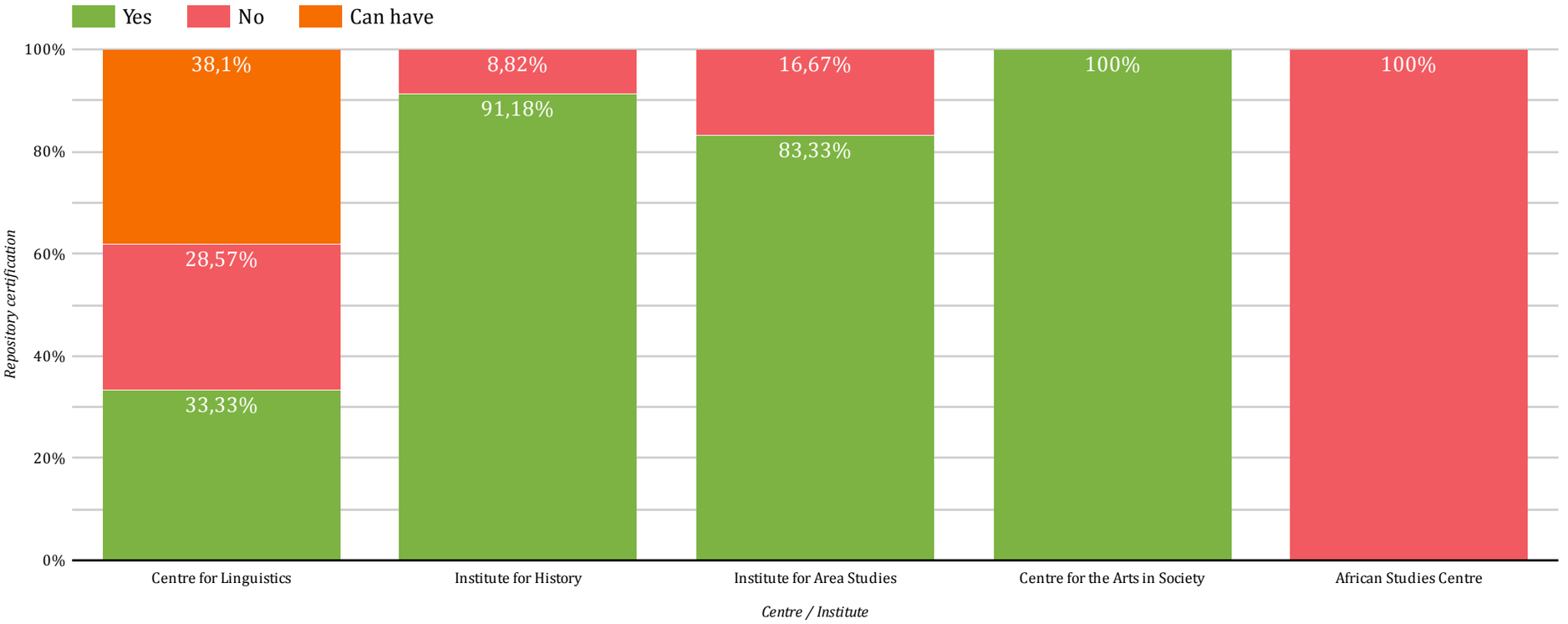
Percentage of datasets depending on the certification of their repositories



Datasets
100

Repositories used by Leiden University researchers

Compliance of researchers with Data Management Regulations: archiving data in certified repositories.



Datasets
100

Repositories used by researchers in the Humanities Faculty

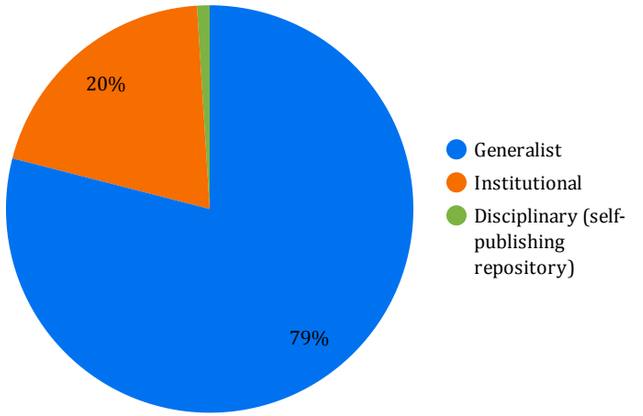
Type of repositories used by researchers and link to the information of each repository (clicking the logo)

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

Institute

	Repository	Repository type	Datasets
1.	EASY	Generalist	59
2.	DataverseNL	Institutional	16
3.	Zenodo	Generalist	11
4.	Mendeley Data	Generalist	5
5.	Harvard Dataverse	Generalist	3
6.	DataverseNO	Institutional	2
7.	openICPSR	Disciplinary (self-publishing repository)	1
8.	ZFDM repository	Institutional	1
9.	Yoda	Institutional	1

1 - 10 / 10

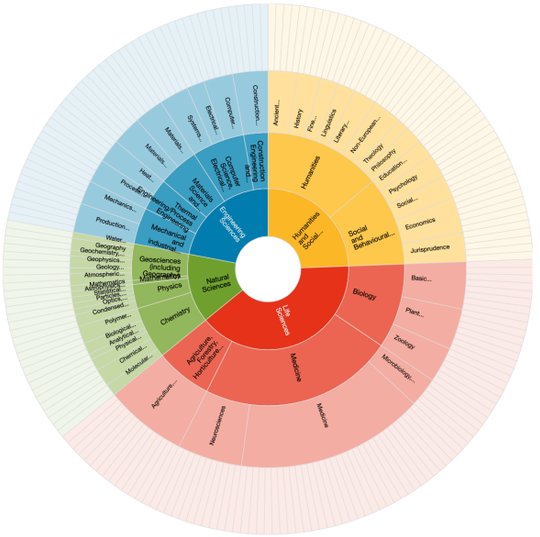


EASY
DataverseNL
zenodo
MENDELEY DATA
HARVARD Dataverse
DataverseNO
OPEN ICPSR
Universität Hamburg
Utrecht University
DRYAD

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

Resources to know more about how to choose a repository.

re3data.org
REGISTRY OF RESEARCH DATA REPOSITORIES



Generalist Repository Comparison Chart

doi: 10.5281/zenodo.3946719

This chart is designed to assist researchers in finding a generalist repository should no domain repository be available to preserve their research data. Generalist repositories accept data regardless of data type, format, content, or disciplinary focus. For this chart, we included a repository available to all researchers specific to clinical trials (Vivli) to bring awareness to those in this field.

https://fairsharing.org/collection/GeneralRepositoryComparison

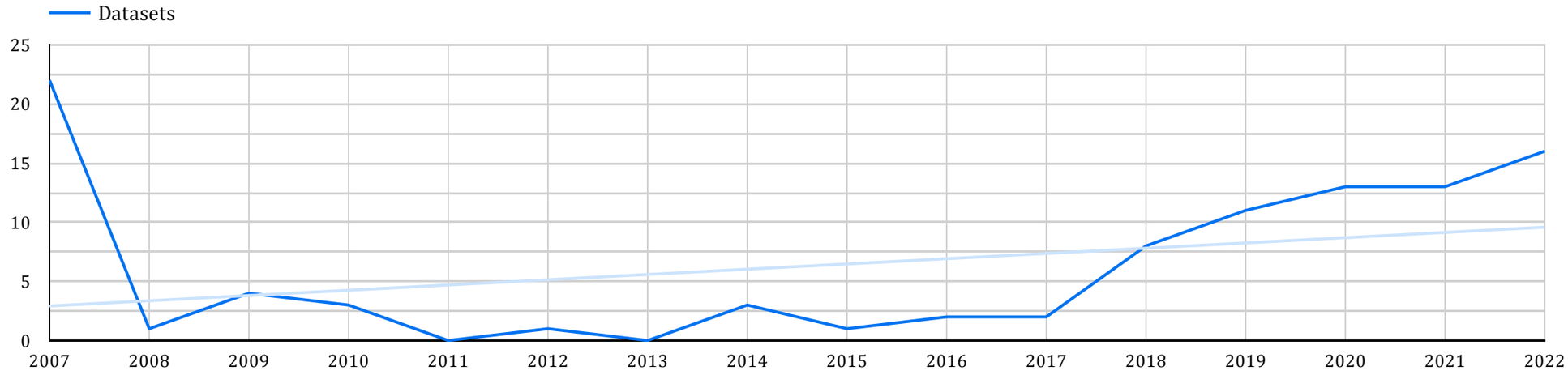
TOPIC	HARVARD DATAVERSE REPOSITORY	DRYAD	FIGSHARE	MENDELEY DATA	OSF	VIVLI	ZENODO

Deposits of datasets per year

Number of datasets deposited per year in the faculty.

As a reference: the first Data Management Regulations were published in 2016.

Institute



Datasets linked to an article

Not all datasets published are related to an article.

List of journals that have articles related to datasets of the faculty.

Institute

Journal

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

	Journal	Datasets	Articles
1.	Studies in Language Variation	1	1
2.	Amsterdamer Beiträge zur älteren Germanistik	1	1
3.	Metaphor Identification in Multiple Languages	1	1
4.	Language Science Press	1	1
5.	Journal of Chinese History	1	1
6.	Letters as Loot	1	1
7.	International Organization	1	1
8.	Journal of Cultural Analytics	1	1
9.	Religion, State and Society	1	1
10.	Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its Applications	1	1
11.	American Economic Journal: Applied Economics	1	1
12.	Journal of Open Humanities Data	1	1
13.	Diachronica	1	1
14.	Revista de Gestión Pública	1	1
15.	Systematic Biology	1	1
16.	Scandinavian Studies in Language	1	1

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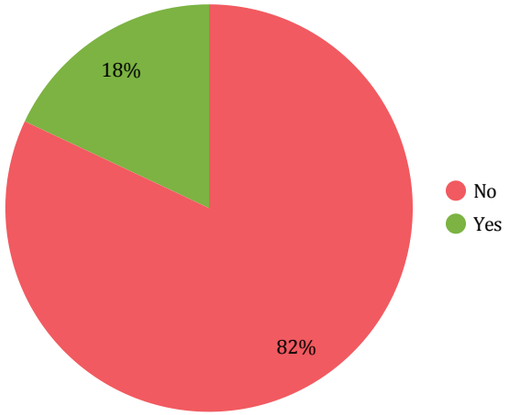
Datasets related to an article



Datasets
100

Datasets related to an article
18

Metrics related to repositories

Not all repositories allow us to see metrics of datasets.
This is a list of datasets with the number of downloads and views that appear in the repository.

The graphics show the 5 repositories with more downloads or views.

Institute

Dataset title

Universiteit Leiden
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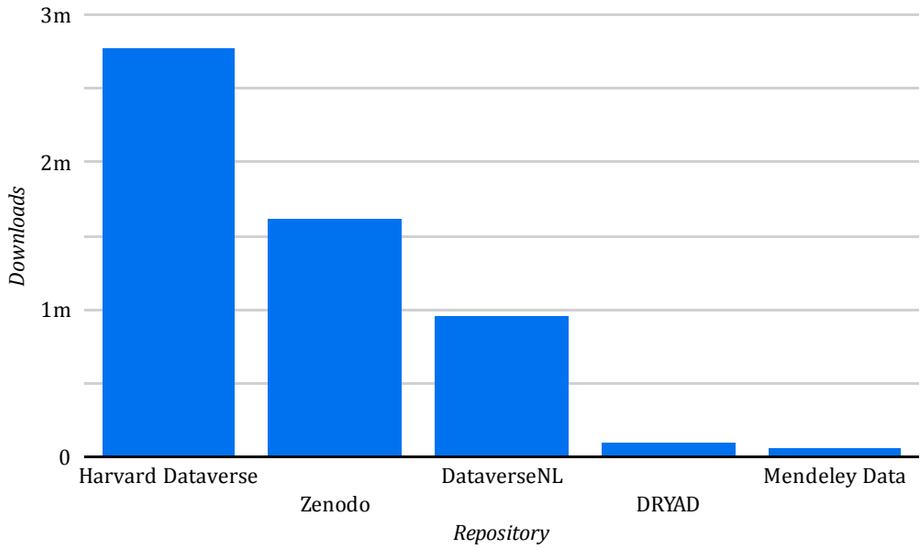
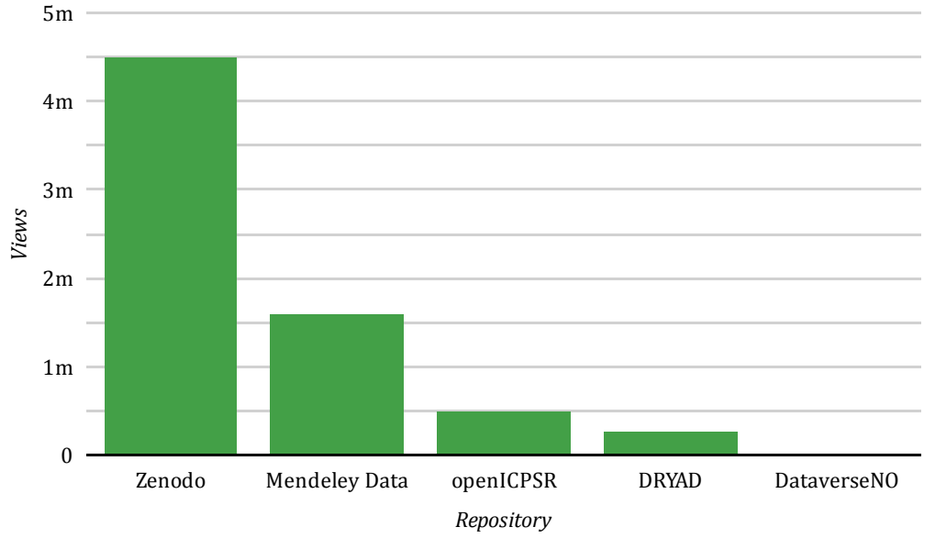
	Dataset DOI	Dataset title	Repository	Downloads	Views
1.	10.7910/dvn/luvafz	Historical Network Research in Chinese Studies Conference 2021	Harvard Dataverse	1.953	null
2.	10.5281/zenodo.6334829	MastaBase: a research tool for the study of 'daily life' scenes in Old Kingdom elite tombs	Zenodo	1.119	1.360
3.	10.7910/dvn/vjtpjk	Replication Data for: "Genocidal Consolidation: Final Solutions to Elite rivalry"	Harvard Dataverse	666	null
4.	10.34894/mpmd6q	Numeral Typology Database	DataverseNL	450	null
5.	10.5281/zenodo.5951917	lessersunda/lexirumah-data: v3.0.1	Zenodo	180	1.185
6.	10.5281/zenodo.1164783	LexiRumah: Lexical data of Lesser Sunda lects	Zenodo	179	1.176
7.	10.34894/XNJYK9	Description of Bòsò Walikan Malangan	DataverseNL	174	null

1 - 100 / 100





LU Contributors in the datasets

List with the principal LU contributors to the datasets and metrics associated with these contributors.

The graphic shows the 10 humanities researchers with more published datasets.

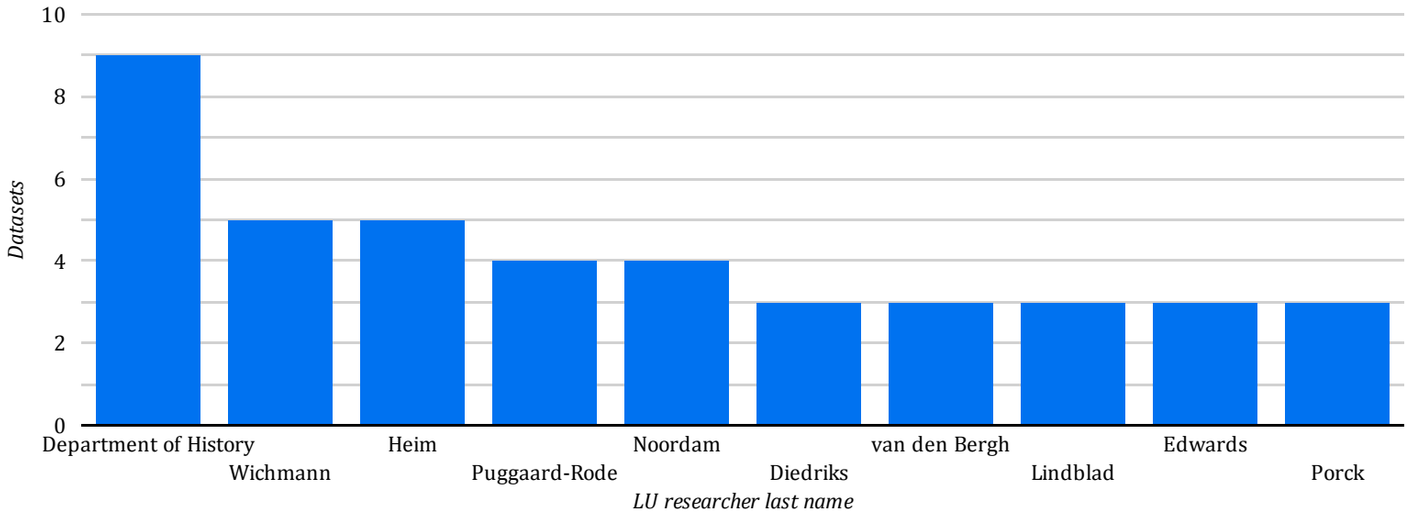
Institute

Author last name

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

	First name	Last name	ORCID	Scopus ID	Datasets	Downloads	Views
1.	-	Department of History	null	null	9	null	null
2.	Soren	Wichmann	0000-0002-3257-3087	15064658700	5	138	666
3.	Fabian	Heim	0000-0001-8988-0793	null	5	null	null
4.	Rasmus	Puggaard-Rode	0000-0003-4522-9987	57571197000	4	212	null
5.	Dirk Jaap	Noordam	null	7801385082	4	null	null
6.	Carmen	van den Bergh	0000-0002-7557-7483	41262495100	3	null	null
7.	H. A.	Diedriks	null	null	3	null	null
8.	Thijs	Porck	0000-0002-8537-6909	56005456600	3	21	null
9.	Owen	Edwards	0000-0003-2209-0652	56735895400	3	180	1.198
10.	Thomas	Lindblad	0000-0003-2931-3054	6603620132	3	null	null

1 - 63 / 63



Datasets
100

Universiteit Leiden
Humanities

Núria Raga Raga
Centre for Digital Scholarship
n.raga.raga@library.leidenuniv.nl

EASY

DOI: 10.17616/R3401D

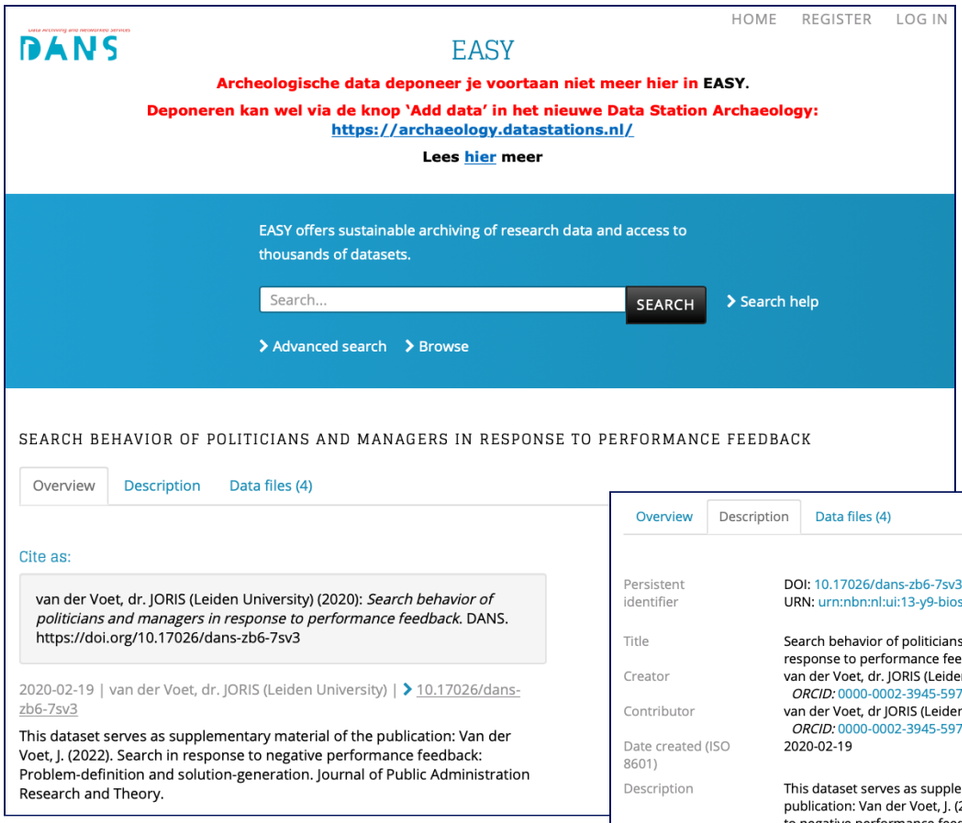
Certification: CoreTrustSeal and DIN31644 standard

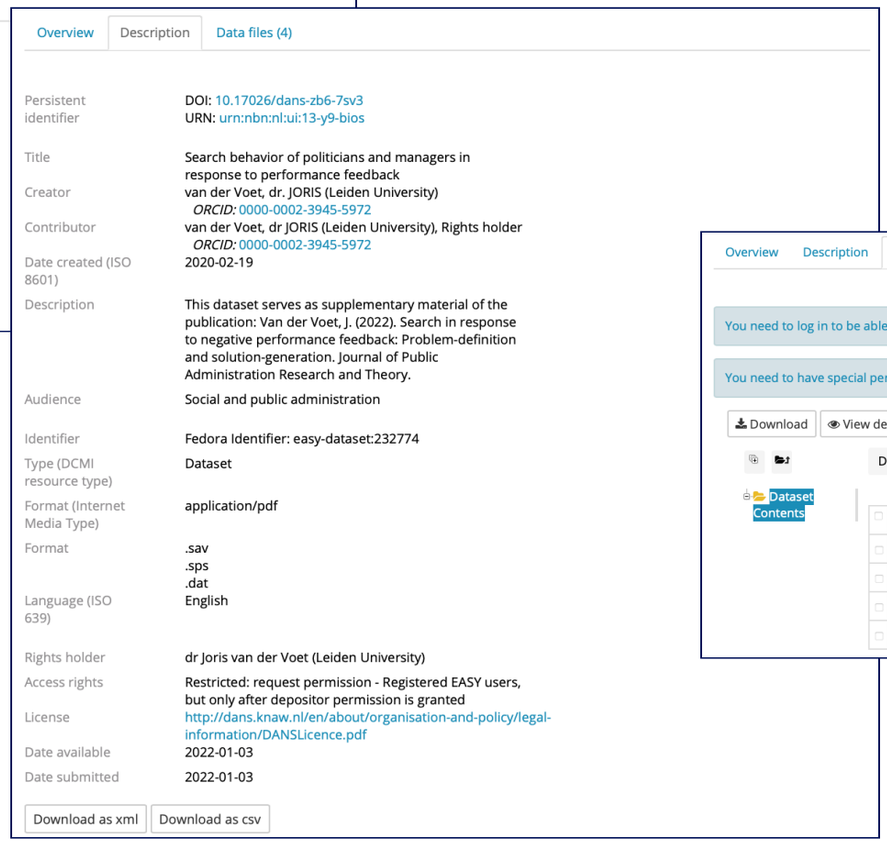
Repository type: Generalist

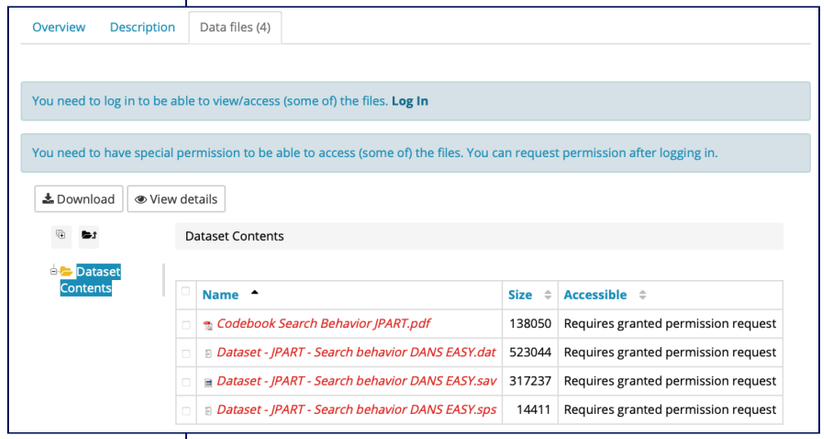
Principal institution: DANS (Netherlands)

Persistent identifier system: DOI and URN

Metrics: None







DataverseNL

DOI: 10.17616/R33W6Z

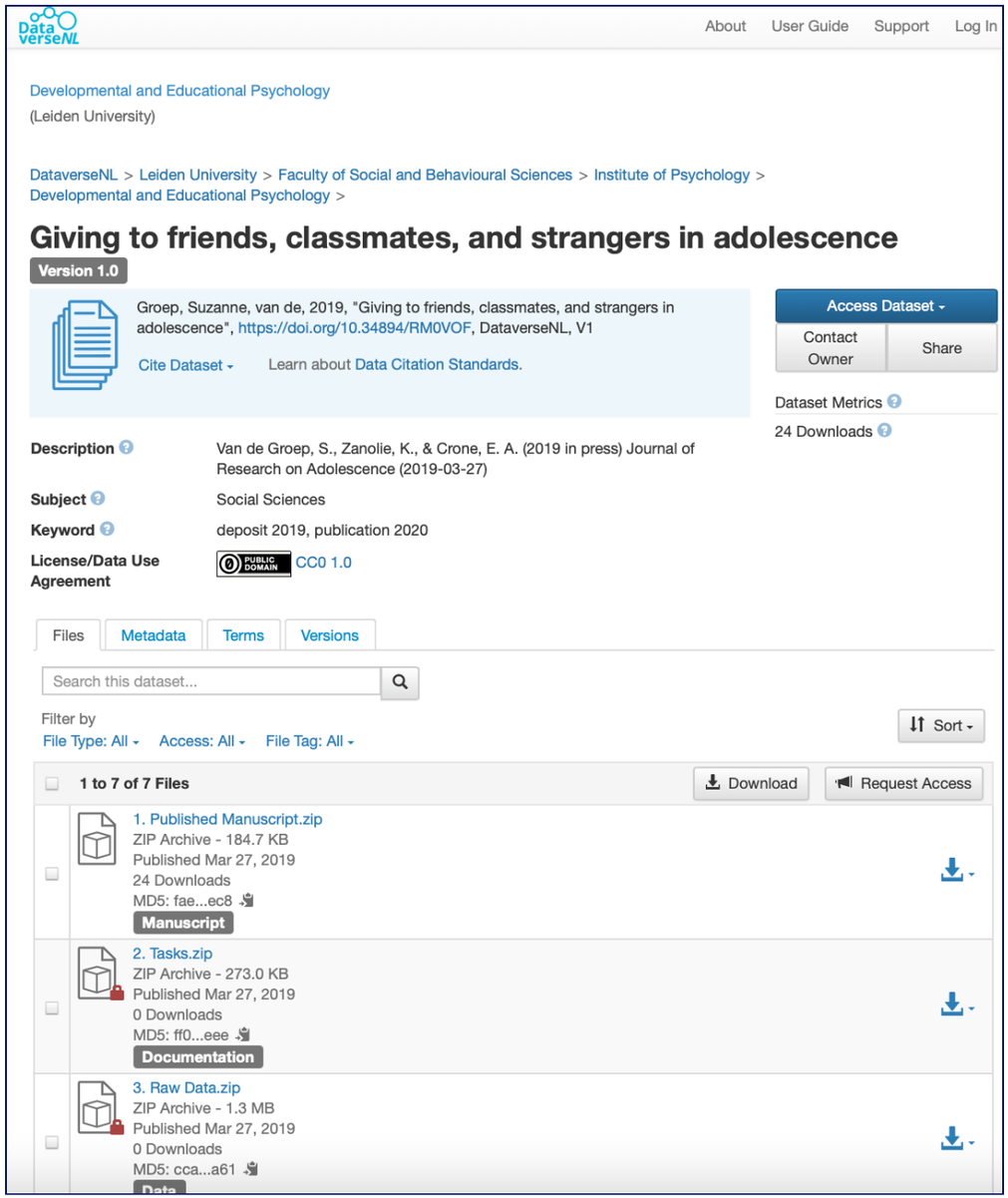
Certification: Can be certified

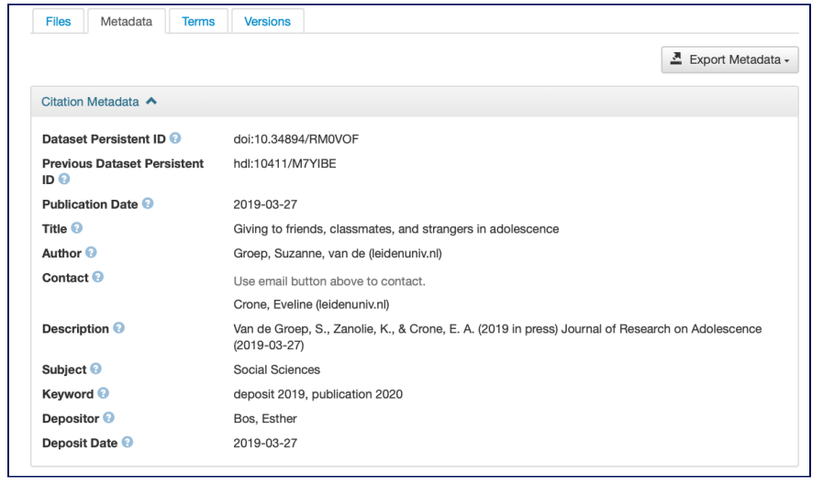
Repository type: Institutional

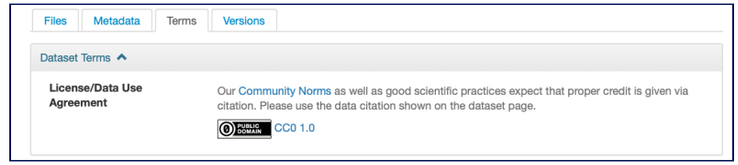
Principal institution: DANS and Leiden University (Netherlands)

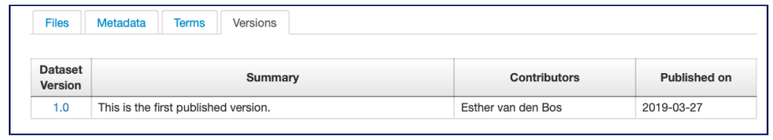
Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Downloads









Zenodo

DOI: 10.17616/R3QP53

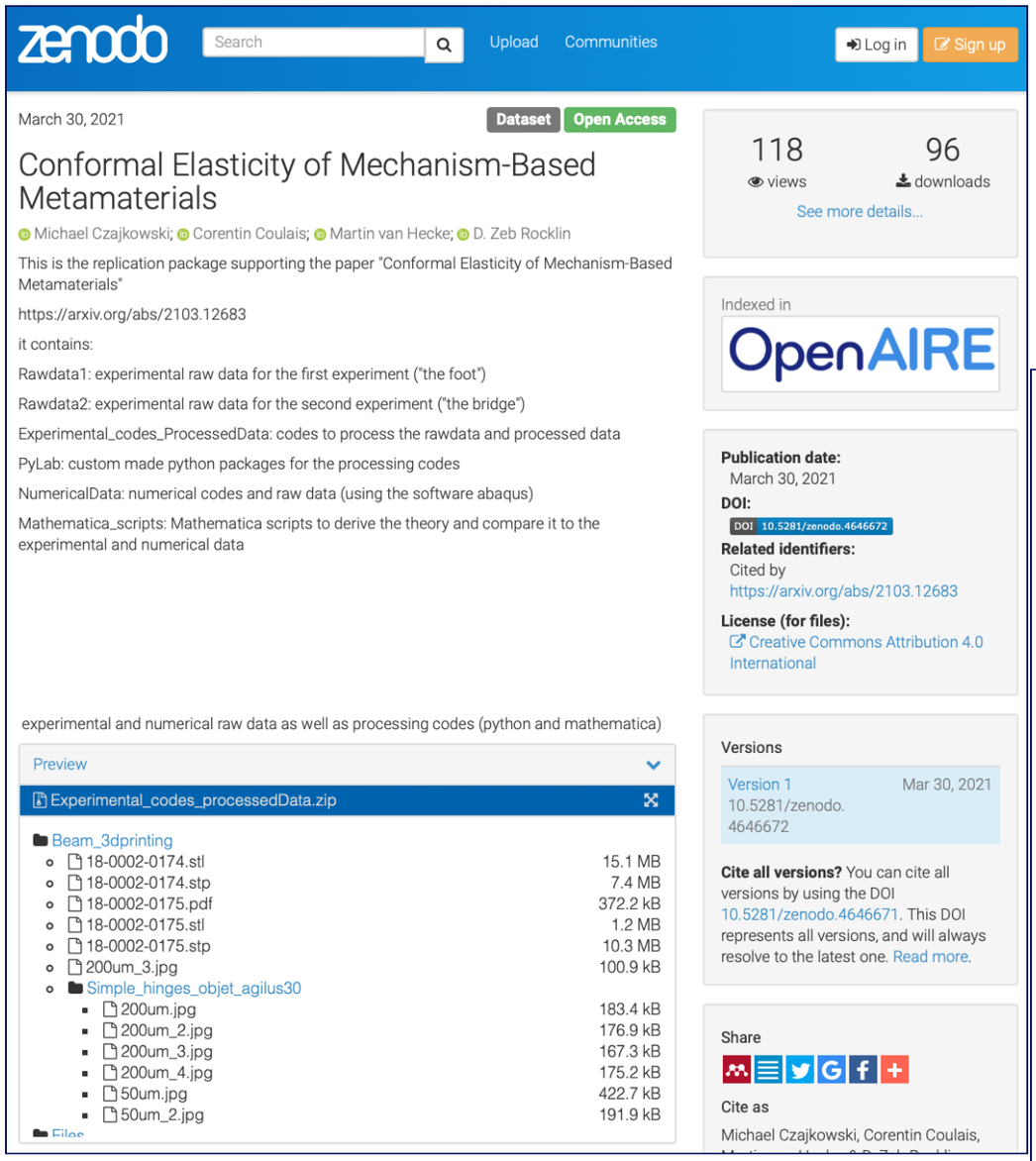
Certification: None

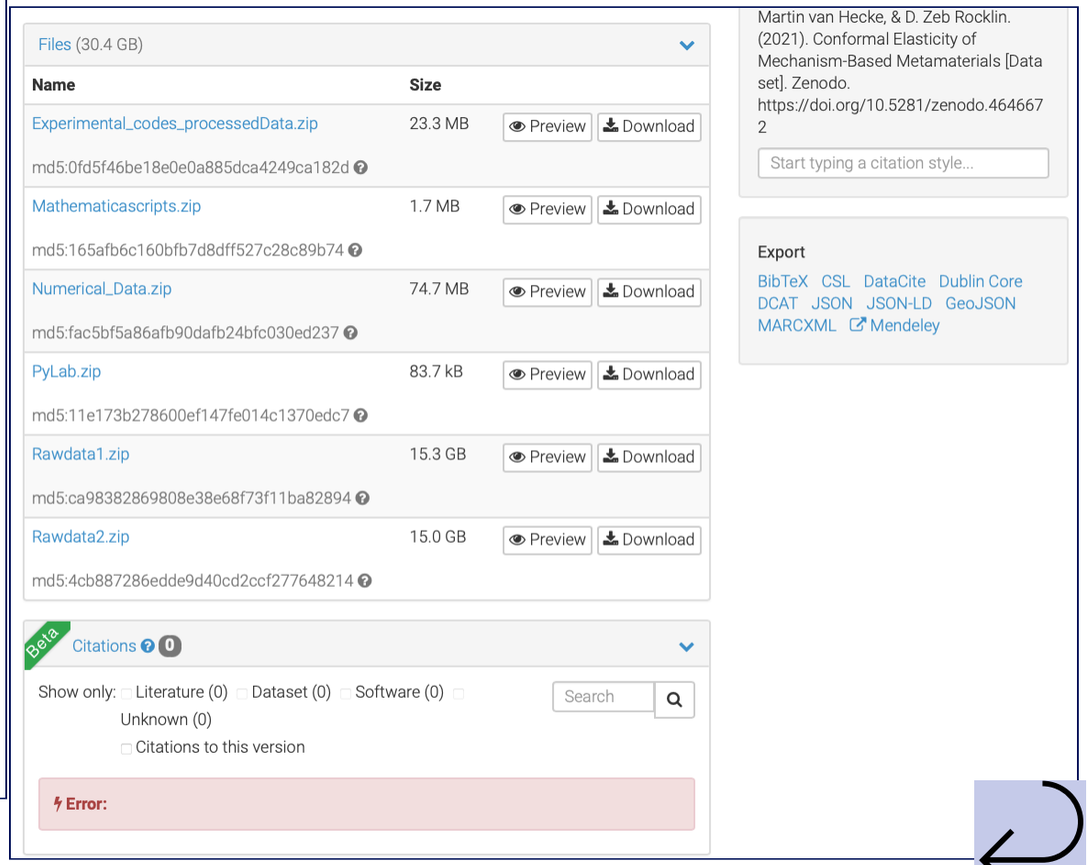
Repository type: Generalist

Principal institution: European Organization for Nuclear Research - CERN (European Union)

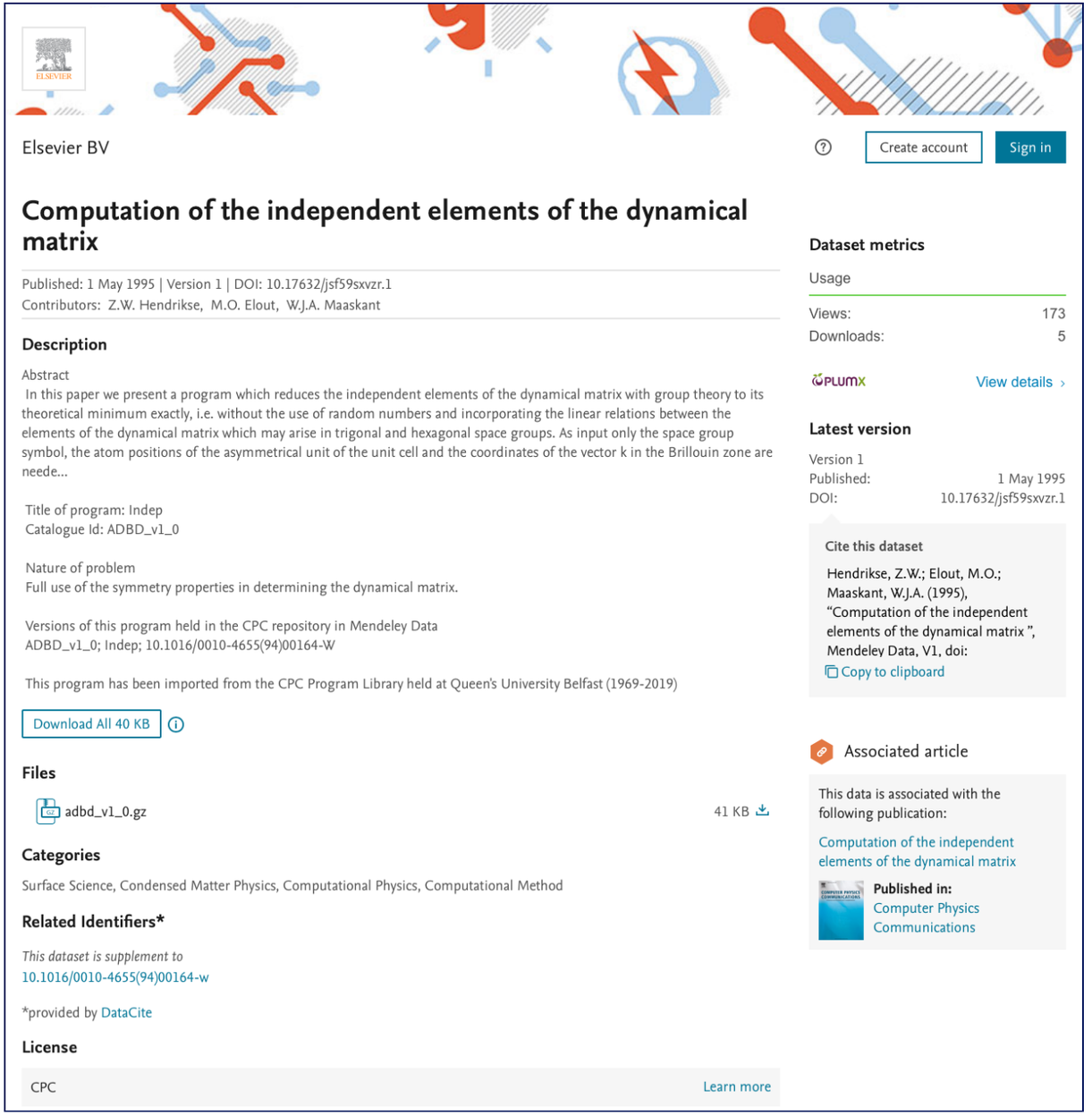
Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Views and downloads





MENDELEY DATA **Mendeley Data**



Elsevier BV

Create account | Sign in

Computation of the independent elements of the dynamical matrix

Published: 1 May 1995 | Version 1 | DOI: 10.17632/jsf59sxvzr.1
Contributors: Z.W. Hendrikse, M.O. Elout, W.J.A. Maaskant

Description

Abstract
In this paper we present a program which reduces the independent elements of the dynamical matrix with group theory to its theoretical minimum exactly, i.e. without the use of random numbers and incorporating the linear relations between the elements of the dynamical matrix which may arise in trigonal and hexagonal space groups. As input only the space group symbol, the atom positions of the asymmetrical unit of the unit cell and the coordinates of the vector k in the Brillouin zone are neede...

Title of program: Indep
Catalogue Id: ADBD_v1_0

Nature of problem
Full use of the symmetry properties in determining the dynamical matrix.

Versions of this program held in the CPC repository in Mendeley Data
ADBD_v1_0; Indep; 10.1016/0010-4655(94)00164-W

This program has been imported from the CPC Program Library held at Queen's University Belfast (1969-2019)

Download All 40 KB

Files

adbd_v1_0.gz 41 KB

Categories

Surface Science, Condensed Matter Physics, Computational Physics, Computational Method

Related Identifiers*

This dataset is supplement to
10.1016/0010-4655(94)00164-w

*provided by DataCite

License

CPC Learn more

Dataset metrics

Usage

Views: 173
Downloads: 5

PLUMX View details ›

Latest version

Version 1
Published: 1 May 1995
DOI: 10.17632/jsf59sxvzr.1

Cite this dataset

Hendrikse, Z.W.; Elout, M.O.; Maaskant, W.J.A. (1995), "Computation of the independent elements of the dynamical matrix ", Mendeley Data, V1, doi:
Copy to clipboard

Associated article

This data is associated with the following publication:

Computation of the independent elements of the dynamical matrix

Published in: Computer Physics Communications

DOI: 10.17616/R3DD11

Certification: CoreTrustSeal

Repository type: Generalist

Principal institution: Elsevier (Netherlands)

Persistent identifier system: DOI and ARK

Metrics: Views, downloads and usage (Plumx)

Harvard Dataverse

DOI: 10.17616/R3C880

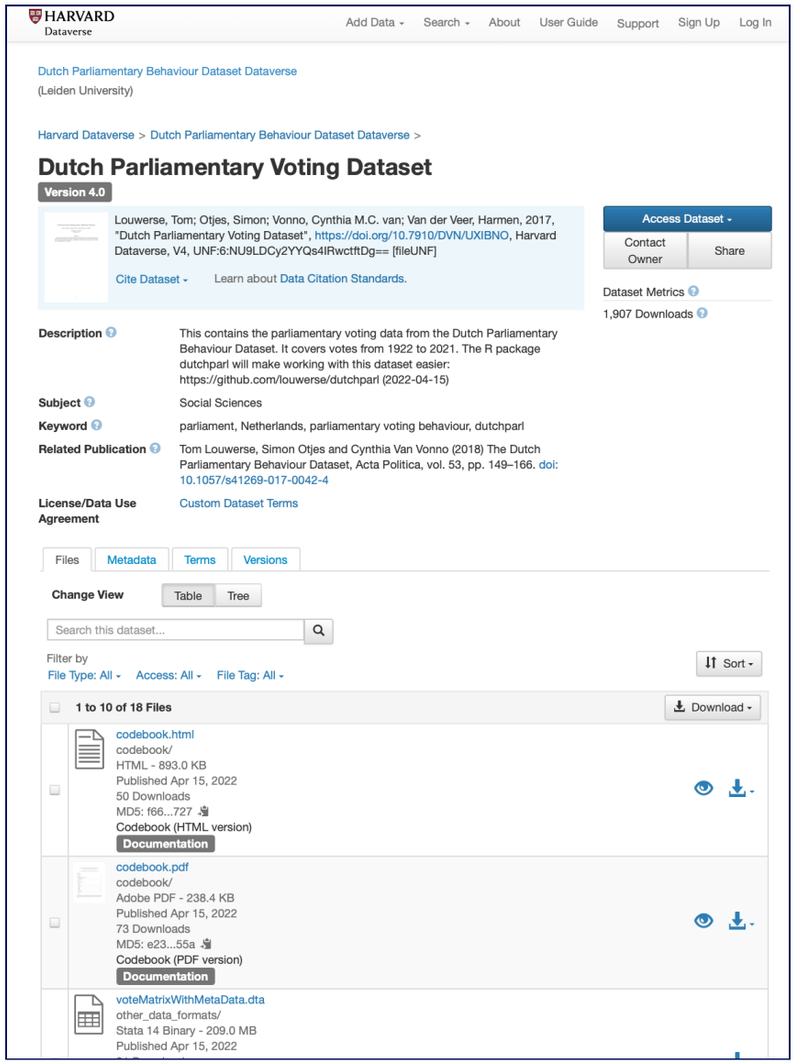
Certification: None

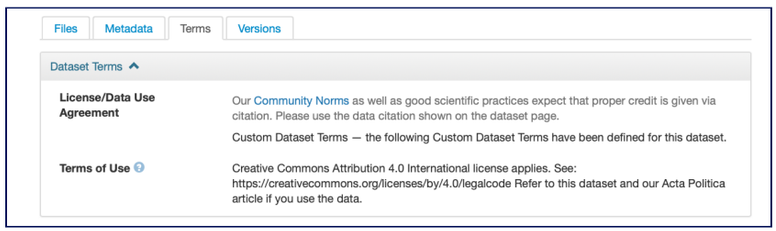
Repository type: Generalist

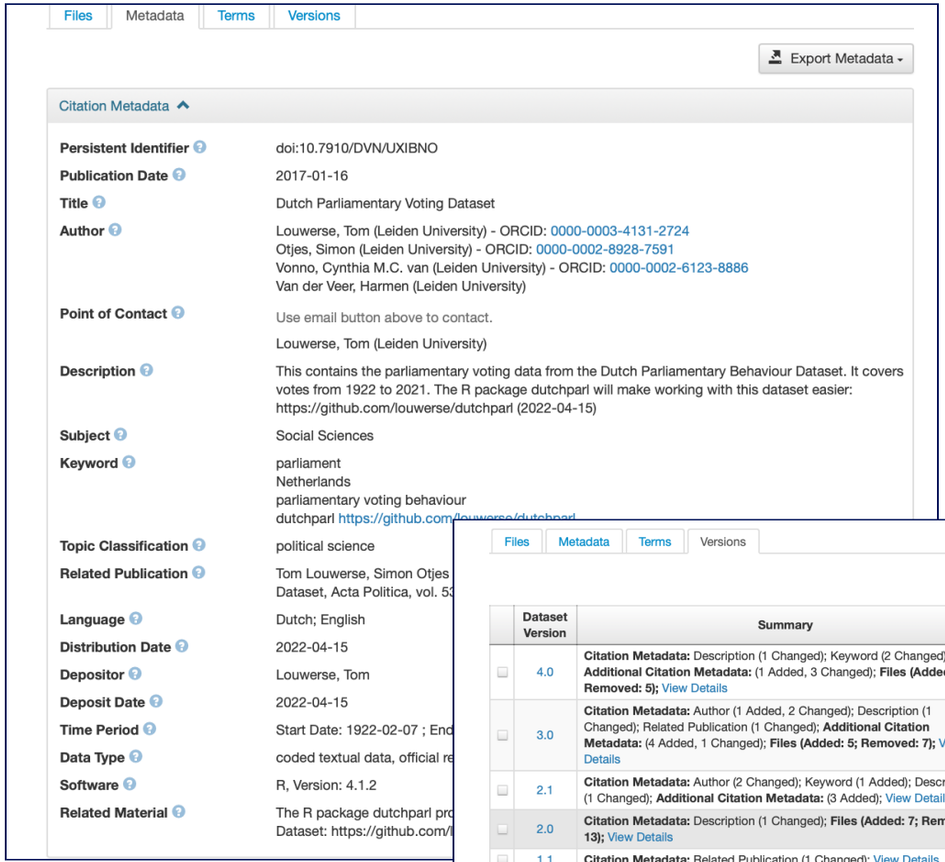
Principal institution: Harvard University (US)

Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Downloads







DataverseNO

DataverseNO

DOI: 10.17616/R3TV17

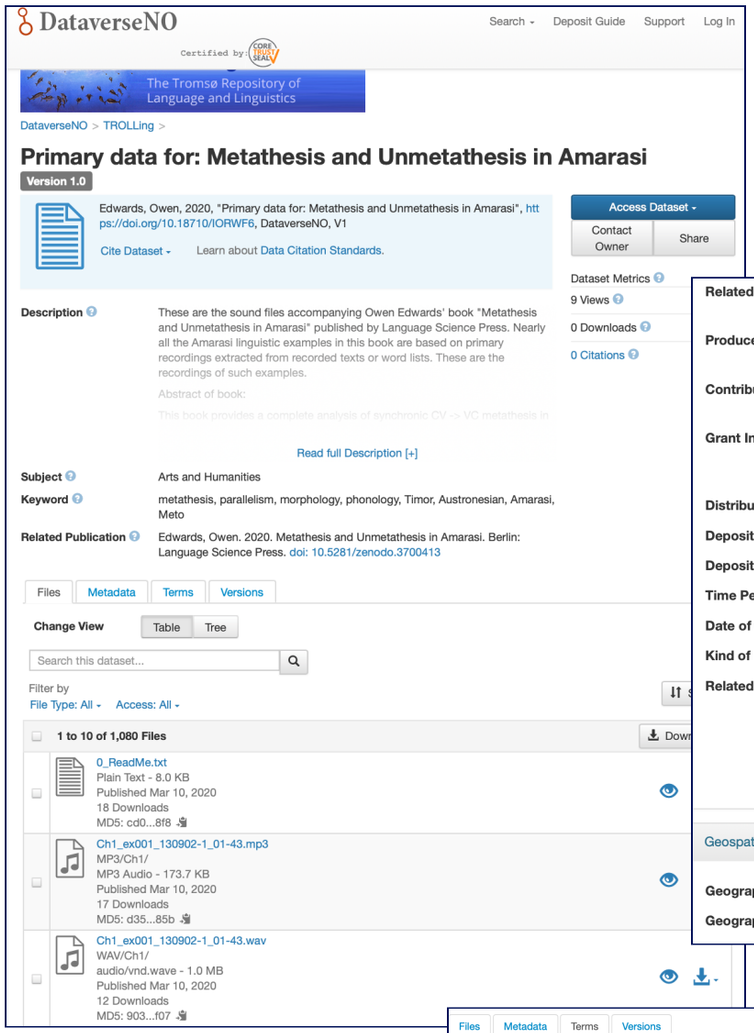
Certification: CoreTrustSeal

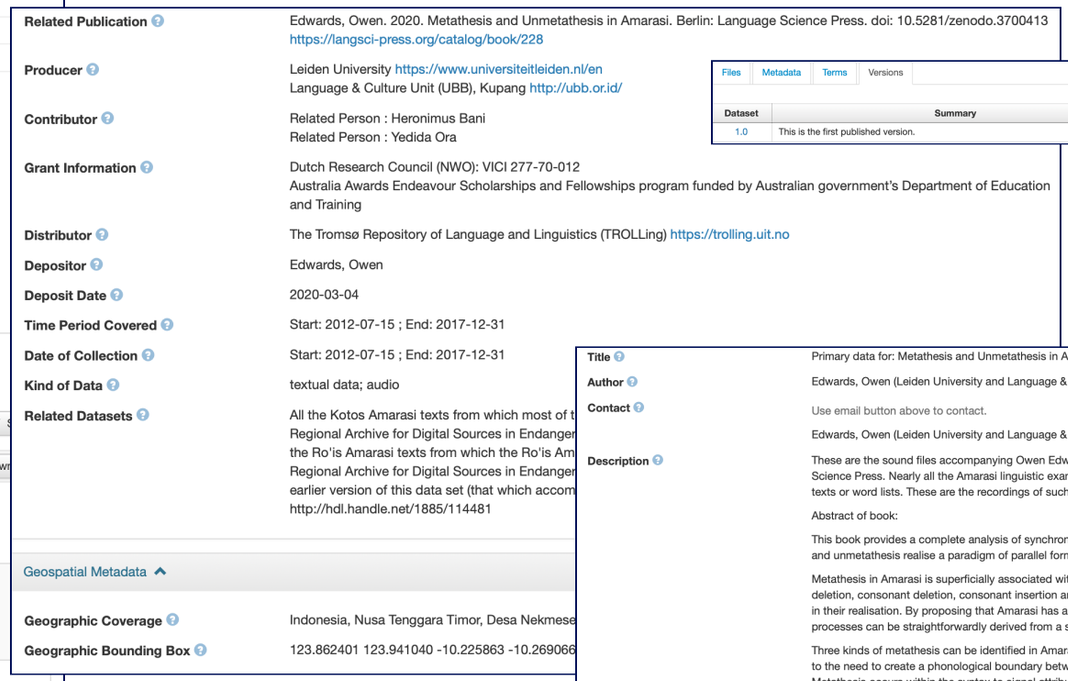
Repository type: Institutional

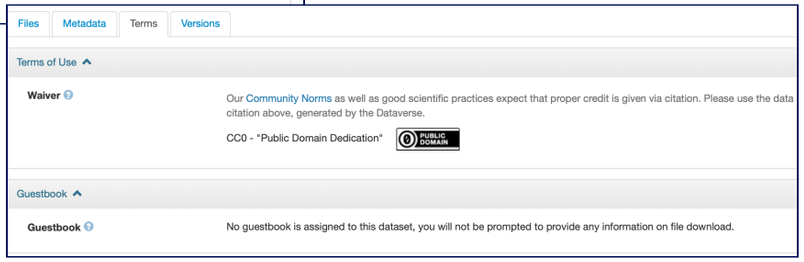
Principal institution: UiT The Arctic University of Norway (Norway)

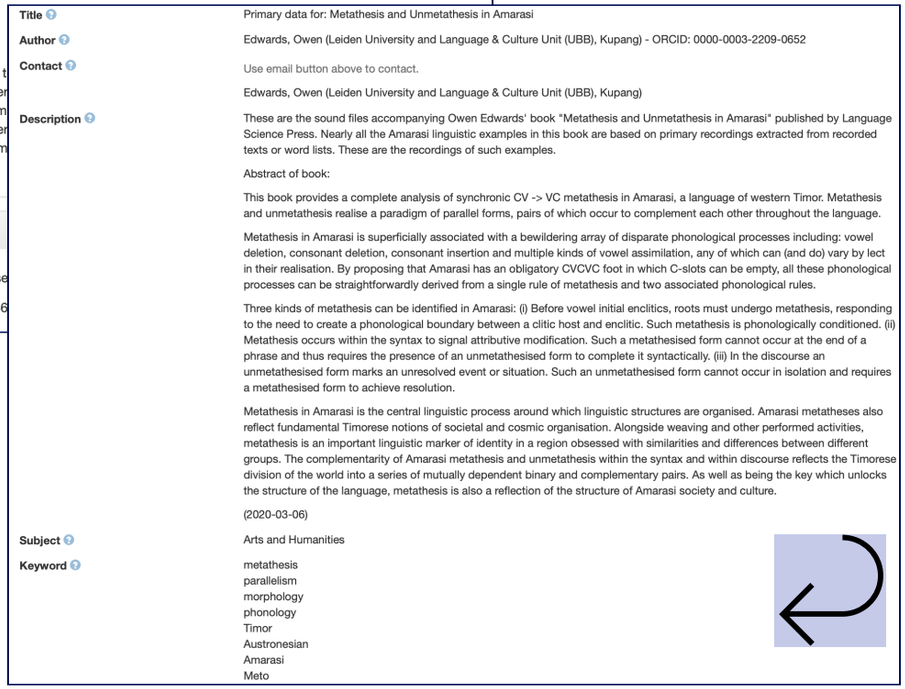
Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Views, downloads and citations









openICPSR

DOI: 10.17616/R3D81N

Certification: None

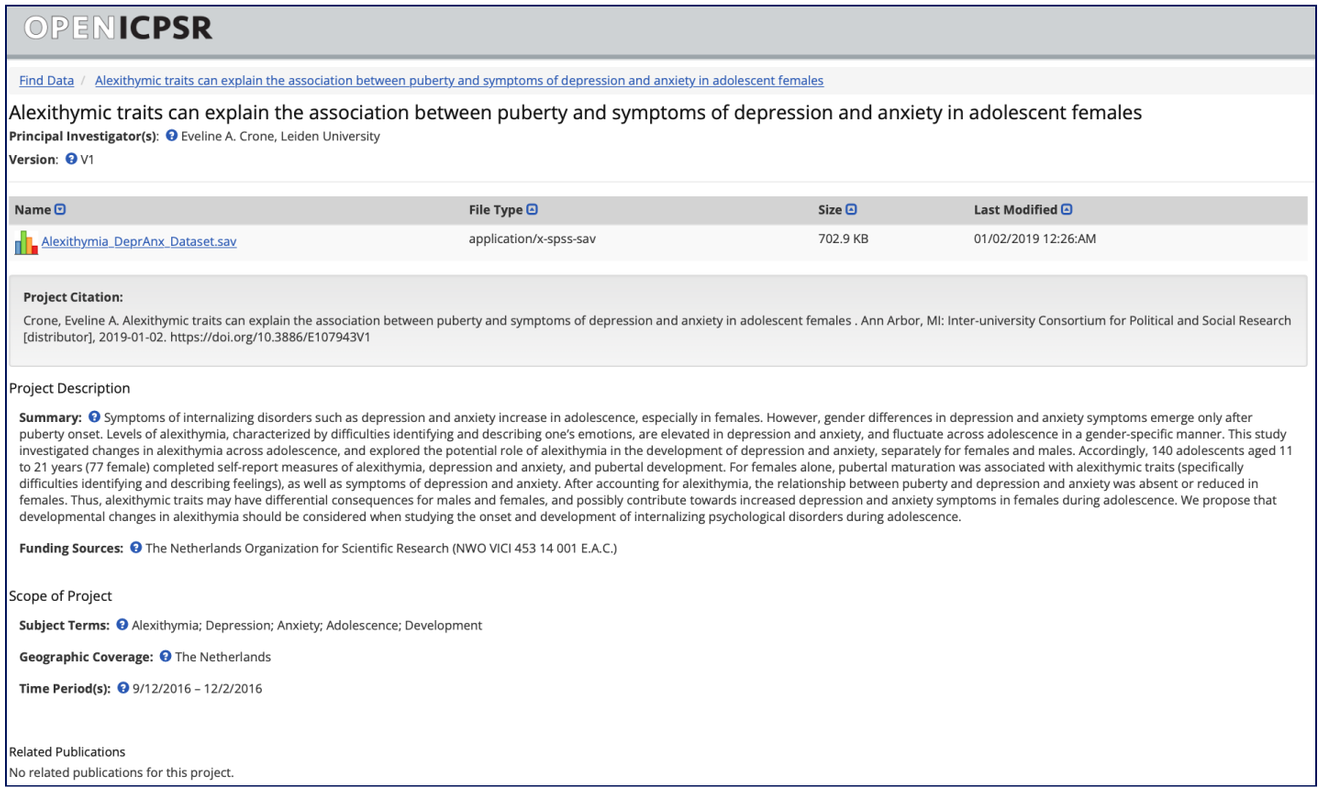
Repository type: Disciplinary (self-publishing repository)

Subjects: Economics, jurisprudence, psychology, criminology, political science, empirical social research, education sciences, social and behavioural sciences, humanities, life sciences

Principal institution: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research - ICPSR (US)

Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Views and downloads


OPENICPSR

Find Data / Alexithymic traits can explain the association between puberty and symptoms of depression and anxiety in adolescent females

Alexithymic traits can explain the association between puberty and symptoms of depression and anxiety in adolescent females

Principal Investigator(s): Eveline A. Crone, Leiden University

Version: V1

Name	File Type	Size	Last Modified
Alexithymia_DeprAnx_Dataset.sav	application/x-spss-sav	702.9 KB	01/02/2019 12:26:AM

Project Citation:

Crone, Eveline A. Alexithymic traits can explain the association between puberty and symptoms of depression and anxiety in adolescent females . Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2019-01-02. https://doi.org/10.3886/E107943V1

Project Description

Summary: Symptoms of internalizing disorders such as depression and anxiety increase in adolescence, especially in females. However, gender differences in depression and anxiety symptoms emerge only after puberty onset. Levels of alexithymia, characterized by difficulties identifying and describing one's emotions, are elevated in depression and anxiety, and fluctuate across adolescence in a gender-specific manner. This study investigated changes in alexithymia across adolescence, and explored the potential role of alexithymia in the development of depression and anxiety, separately for females and males. Accordingly, 140 adolescents aged 11 to 21 years (77 female) completed self-report measures of alexithymia, depression and anxiety, and pubertal development. For females alone, pubertal maturation was associated with alexithymic traits (specifically difficulties identifying and describing feelings), as well as symptoms of depression and anxiety. After accounting for alexithymia, the relationship between puberty and depression and anxiety was absent or reduced in females. Thus, alexithymic traits may have differential consequences for males and females, and possibly contribute towards increased depression and anxiety symptoms in females during adolescence. We propose that developmental changes in alexithymia should be considered when studying the onset and development of internalizing psychological disorders during adolescence.

Funding Sources: The Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (NWO VICI 453 14 001 E.A.C.)

Scope of Project

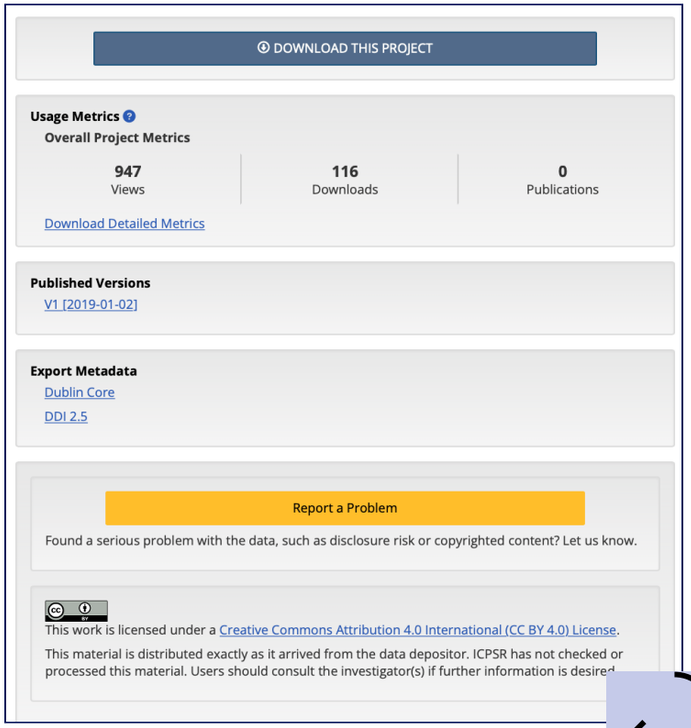
Subject Terms: Alexithymia; Depression; Anxiety; Adolescence; Development

Geographic Coverage: The Netherlands

Time Period(s): 9/12/2016 – 12/2/2016

Related Publications

No related publications for this project.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Published Versions

V1 [2019-01-02]

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ZFDM repository

DOI: 10.17616/R31NJMKD

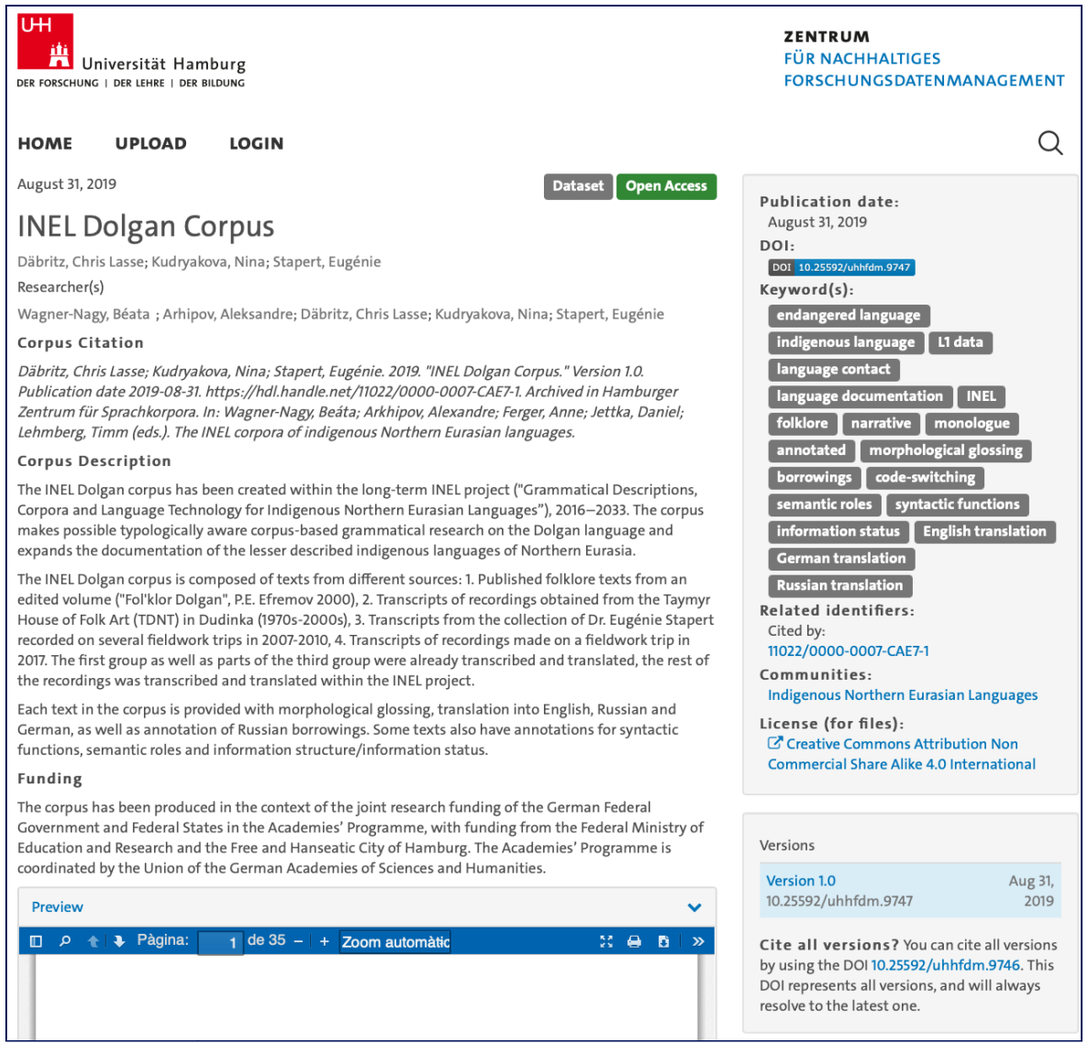
Certification: None

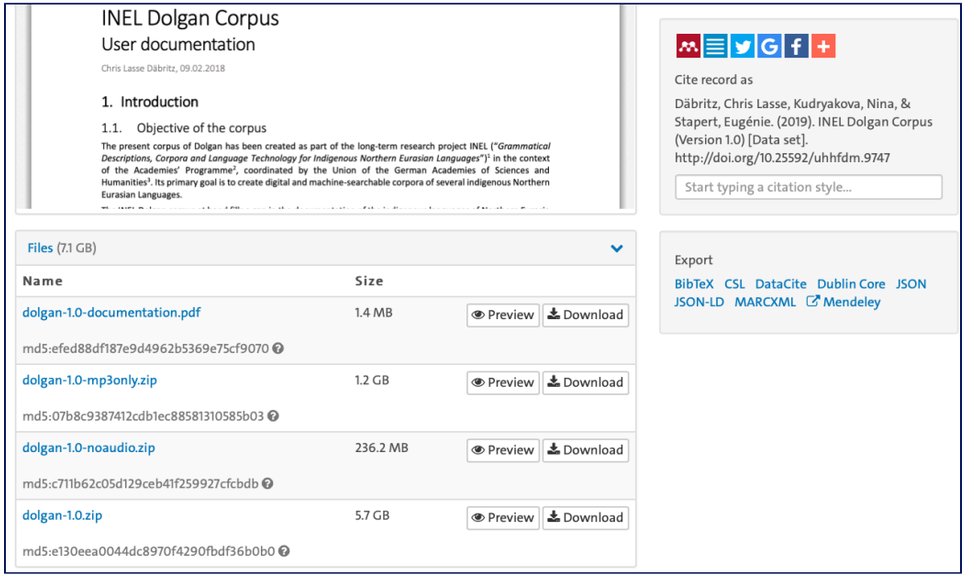
Repository type: Institutional

Principal institution: Universität Hamburg (Germany)

Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: None





Utrecht University Yoda

DOI: 10.17616/R3ZB7K

Certification: None

Repository type: Institutional

Principal institution: Utrecht University (Netherlands)

Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: None

Utrecht University

Data publication platform of Utrecht University

Struiksma, Marijn

The impact of verbal insults

Publication Date: **2017-12-27T13:07:09.000000** Accessibility: **Open - freely retrievable**

The archive contains the following folders and content: Raw data EEG GSR: raw bdf data; Raw data behavioral: Presentation logfiles; Procedure: all forms used in the project; Pretest: the pretest on the words used in the experiment; Experimental setup: Presentation files and sitmulus material; Analysis GSR: history template, matfiles, SPSS files; Analysis EEG: history templates, SPSS files; Analysis description: codebook and description of workflow

Tags

yoda

VIEW CONTENTS

Yoda Data

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Index of /vault-cce-lab-vanberkum-struiksma/CBN study[1513975330]/ on nluu5p

Parent collection

Name	Size	Owner	Last modified
original/		rods	2017-12-22 22:20
License.txt	18K	rods	2018-09-20 19:57
yoda-metadata[1513977657].xml	1.9K	rods	2018-09-20 19:57
yoda-metadata[1583302845].xml	2.1K	rods	2020-03-04 07:20
yoda-metadata[1615876865].json	2.0K	rods	2021-03-16 07:41
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METADATA

Disciplines	Humanities - Languages and literature (6.2)
Version	1
Language	
Data classification	Basic
Funder	NWO
Award/grant Number	277-89-001
Persistent Identifier	https://doi.org/10.24416/UU01-RJXGM6
Publication Date	2017-12-27T13:07:09.000000
Last Modification	2022-08-24T07:35:38.000000
Name	Struiksma, Marijn
Person Identifier	ORCID: 0000-0002-1166-1424
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Affiliation	Utrecht University
Name	De Mulder, Hannah
Person Identifier	
Affiliation	Leiden University
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DRYAD

DOI: 10.17616/R34S33

Certification: None

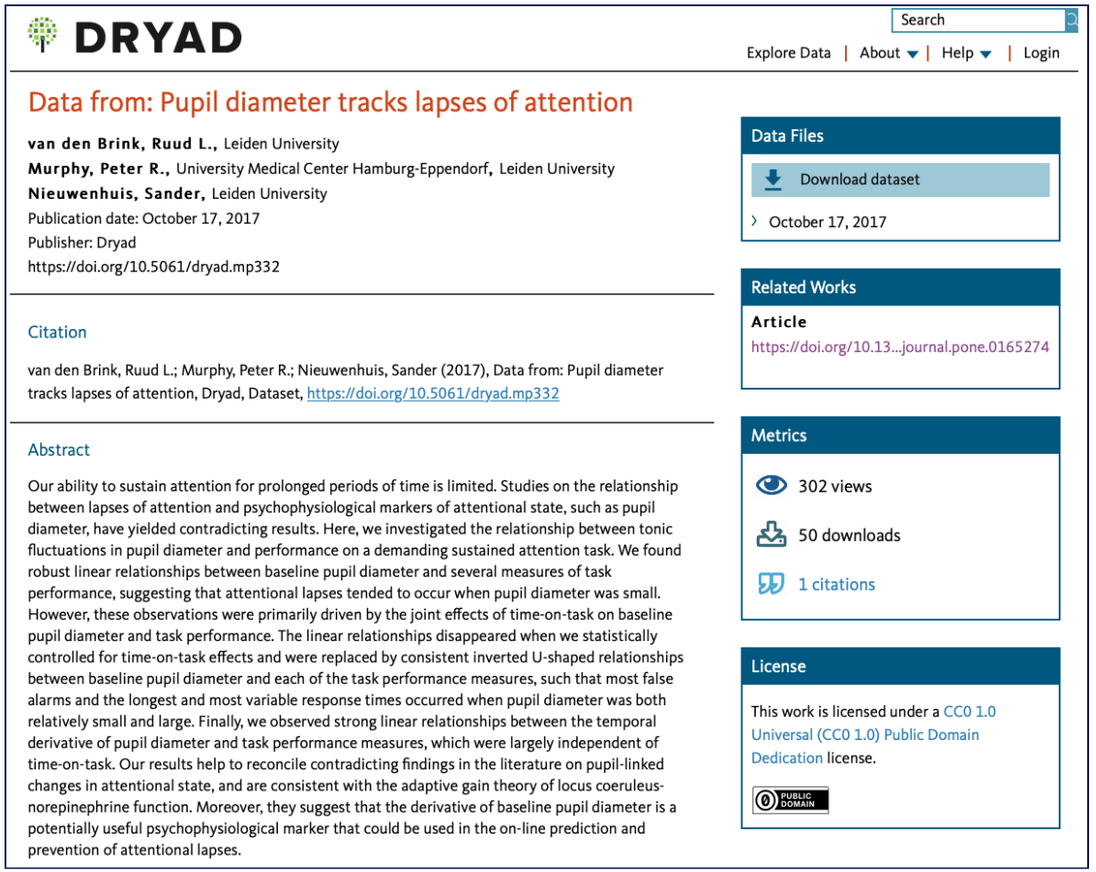
Repository type: Generalist

Principal institution: DRYAD (International)

Persistent identifier system: DOI

Metrics: Views, downloads and citations

*Preservation: Merritt repository



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Data from: Pupil diameter tracks lapses of attention

van den Brink, Ruud L., Leiden University
Murphy, Peter R., University Medical Center Hamburg-Eppendorf, Leiden University
Nieuwenhuis, Sander, Leiden University
Publication date: October 17, 2017
Publisher: Dryad
https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.mp332

Citation

van den Brink, Ruud L.; Murphy, Peter R.; Nieuwenhuis, Sander (2017), Data from: Pupil diameter tracks lapses of attention, Dryad, Dataset, https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.mp332

Abstract

Our ability to sustain attention for prolonged periods of time is limited. Studies on the relationship between lapses of attention and psychophysiological markers of attentional state, such as pupil diameter, have yielded contradicting results. Here, we investigated the relationship between tonic fluctuations in pupil diameter and performance on a demanding sustained attention task. We found robust linear relationships between baseline pupil diameter and several measures of task performance, suggesting that attentional lapses tended to occur when pupil diameter was small. However, these observations were primarily driven by the joint effects of time-on-task on baseline pupil diameter and task performance. The linear relationships disappeared when we statistically controlled for time-on-task effects and were replaced by consistent inverted U-shaped relationships between baseline pupil diameter and each of the task performance measures, such that most false alarms and the longest and most variable response times occurred when pupil diameter was both relatively small and large. Finally, we observed strong linear relationships between the temporal derivative of pupil diameter and task performance measures, which were largely independent of time-on-task. Our results help to reconcile contradicting findings in the literature on pupil-linked changes in attentional state, and are consistent with the adaptive gain theory of locus coeruleus-norepinephrine function. Moreover, they suggest that the derivative of baseline pupil diameter is a potentially useful psychophysiological marker that could be used in the on-line prediction and prevention of attentional lapses.

Data Files

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October 17, 2017

Related Works

Article
https://doi.org/10.13...journal.pone.0165274

Metrics

302 views

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Usage Notes

All data

Data for van den Brink, Murphy & Niewenhuis: Pupil diameter tracks lapses of attention. Three types of data are provided: 1) Raw data; 2) the processed data that were used to compute metrics for inferential stistics; 3) and the metrics themselves. (1) Raw data are contained in the folder 'raw_data'. The folder 'pupil_data contains four sub folders: * edfs: Raw EDF files as produced by the EyeLink. * samples: ASCII file containing data points from the EDF files (so the pupil data). * events: ASCII file contaning event type and timing information. Type: 0 = Scrambled image; 1 = Mountain; 2 = City; 32 = Response (space bar press). * converted: MATLAB files containing the data imported into EEGLAB format. Each block is contained in a separate EEG entry within ALLEEG. The first channel is pupil diamter in pixels. The second and third channel are gaze x and gaze y respectively. Event type and timing are contained in EEG.event. The folder 'behavior' contains a MATLAB file per participant and block that contains the behavioral data. * The relevant matrix here is 'response', which is organized as trials (rows) by variables (columns). Relevant columns are: Column 1 contains trial types (0 = Scrambled image; 1 = Mountain; 2 = City), Column 2 contains key code (32 = space bar; 0 = no response), Column 5 contains RTs (RT = 0 if no response), Comlumn 7 contains response type (-1 = false alarm; 0 = miss; 1 = hit). (2) Processed data are contained in the folder 'processed_data.' Within are text files that resulted from the sliding window analysis. In all files the first column is participant number, and the second column is block number. All following columns are data points (a value per window). These data served as regressors in all the major analyses. Folder and file names will tell you what's what. (3) Regression coefficients and slopes are contained in 'statistics'. All MATLAB files containing matrices on which the stats were run. * Slopes, indicative of linear changes over time, are contained in 'Slopes_xxx.mat;' Size: participant (rows) by block (columns). * Linear regression coefficients are contained in 'Linear_betas_diameter/derivative.mat.' * Quadratic regression coefficients are contained in 'Quadratic_betas_diameter.mat.' * File suffix _noTOT indicates that these are regression coefficients after taking time on task into account. The matrices that contain regression coefficients are of size Participant by block by measure. Measure: 1 = False alarm; 2 = Slow quintile 3 = RT; 4 = RTCV.In all of the above, the participants are in the same order as in the text files in the folder 'processed_data'. Note that all statistics were run on the block-average of these matrices.
vandenBrinketal2016PONE.zip